

Press Memo Upcoming WA Supreme Court Hearing on Capital Gains Tax Lawsuit

<u>Quinn v. WA</u> was filed by <u>millionaires</u> who are attempting to give themselves a tax cut. <u>Quinn v. WA</u> would eliminate more than \$500 million per year in education funding raised from a 7% capital gains tax on extraordinary profits from stock sales exceeding \$250,000 annually. Washington state is the <u>nation's worst</u> when it comes to tax fairness - those with the most money pay the least (3%) in state taxes, while those with the least money pay the most (17%).

Parents, teachers, and a school district (intervenors), along with Eastern Washington small business owners and community leaders (amicus), argued that the \$500 million per year raised by the capital gains tax is critical funding for much needed childcare, special education services, school construction and repairs, and early learning programs. A trial court in Douglas County ruled in favor of the millionaires behind <u>Quinn v. WA</u> on March 1, 2022.

The State of Washington and education intervenors are appealing the lower court's decision, which would take away over \$500 million per year from education and give the super rich a tax cut. The Washington State Supreme Court granted direct review.

Tax law experts, rural business leaders, racial justice groups, taxpayers, and working families <u>filed four separate amicus briefs</u> with the Washington State Supreme Court in support of the state's capital gains tax.

Oral arguments are scheduled for **9:00AM**, **January 26**, **2023**. The hearing will be broadcast live on TVW. A post-hearing press conference is scheduled for **12:00PM on the capitol steps in Olympia**.

Briefs filed by State of Washington, Intervenors, Amici

About Washington's Capital Gains Tax

What is covered: Profits from the sales of stocks and bonds. The first \$250,000 in annual profits are exempted.

What is <u>not</u> included: All sales of real estate, retirement accounts like IRAs and pensions, family-owned small businesses, and farms, among other things are exempt from the capital gains tax.

Who will pay: Only 0.2% of Washingtonian taxpayers will see enough profits to pay this tax, and the majority are in King County. <u>Impacts by county</u>

What it will pay for: The capital gains tax increases funding for the Education Legacy Trust Account, which supports child care, pre-schools, special education, and community and technical colleges, as well as K-12 education. Revenue in excess of \$500 million per year goes to the Common School Construction Account, which helps with renovating, repairing, and building schools.

Who will benefit: Paying for school construction and repairs is not just good for students, it also creates good-paying jobs in our communities. By paying their share in taxes, the super-rich will be putting that money back into the economy, creating more jobs, and supporting small businesses. Every tax dollar spent <u>multiplies</u> over and over again, creating \$1.50 - \$3.00 for local economies, jobs and businesses.

Public support: Record numbers of people - 67,000 messages of support from Invest in Washington activists alone - came together from across the state to demand legislators pass the capital gains tax on the super-rich. In poll after poll, voters nationwide want the super-rich to pay their fair share of taxes (Impact Research), and Washingtonians support the capital gains tax of 7% on extraordinary stock market profits greater than \$250,000(King 5/Survey USA, Topos, GBAO, PPP, GBAO).

More information